

Donor-Advised Funds: Greater charitable impact, fewer headaches

Most donors likely are passionate about supporting a cause or charity near and dear to them. Unfortunately, they might not have acted on this passion because they don't realize they can connect them to a resource for making smart, effective and tax-advantageous donations.

With NC State Donor Advised Giving Fund they can, and the process is easy for them.

NC State Donor Advised Giving Fund can help your clients reach their charitable objectives by establishing a donor-advised fund, and we can help you painlessly facilitate that process by handling the initial and ongoing administrative tasks associated with a donor-advised fund.

Donors get a streamlined and tax-effective way to make a charitable impact, the funds put into a donor-advised fund will be invested by the university.

Still unclear about donor-advised funds and how they can fit into your charitable giving?

The following Frequently Asked Questions should help.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What is a donor-advised fund?

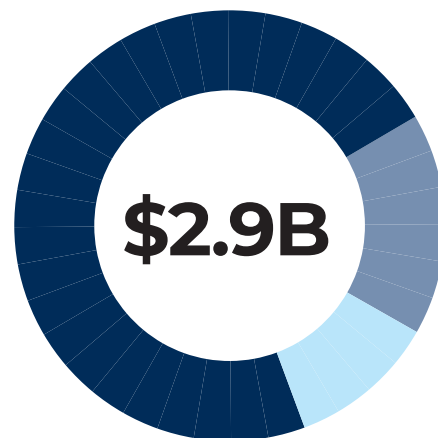
A donor-advised fund is an irrevocable charitable giving vehicle that gives donors a tax-advantageous way for putting their assets to work supporting charities and causes they believe in.

How do donor-advised funds work?

A donor makes a gift to a sponsoring charity, which then establishes a donor-advised fund on the donor's behalf. The funds are invested, and the donor-advised fund's growth is used to support charitable organizations through grants. Once the fund is established, a donor can contribute to it as frequently as desired.

What tax advantages do donor-advised funds offer?

A donor gets an immediate tax benefit for the initial contribution to a donor-advised fund and for all subsequent donations. If the donor contributes capital appreciated property (i.e. stocks, mutual funds or ETFs), the donor will avoid capital gains tax with the charity sells the assets.



Currently, Ren supports more than \$2.9B in donor-advised fund assets for its clients.

Why should a donor choose a donor-advised fund?

Donor-advised funds offer a variety of benefits, but the most frequent reasons for donating to a donor-advised fund include the opportunity to make both an immediate and long-term impact for a cause or charity the donor believes in, to maintain some influence over how funds are granted to charities, to pass on a legacy of giving, and to reduce the impact of capital gains and other taxes.

When is a donor-advised fund the right solution?

Donor-advised funds provide a sound giving solution in a wide range of scenarios, but they are especially helpful for donors who need a charitable tax deduction to offset a taxable event, are facing considerable capital gains taxes, are anticipating a major liquidity event (such as an inheritance, business liquidation or stock sale), are interested in creating a legacy of giving, or who simply want to give to multiple charities without having to deal with paperwork and record keeping.

Is RCF a nonprofit?

Yes. RCF is an IRS-recognized 501(c)(3) organization. As such, it can function as the sponsoring charity for your client’s donor-advised fund. Currently, the firm supports more than \$2.9 billion in donor-advised fund assets for its clients.

Is a donor-advised fund irrevocable?

Yes. Funds donated to a donor-advised fund cannot be withdrawn, although they can be transferred to another donor-advised fund account.

Can a donor contribute real estate or stock to a donor-advised fund?

Yes. In fact, donating assets is often the most effective way to give because, by allowing a nonprofit to dispose of assets, the donor avoids capital gains taxes, which means the value of the gift can be higher and the cost of giving will be lower. Special planning is required, so make sure you consult with tax and legal professionals.

Does a donor-advised fund donor have a say in how funds are granted to nonprofits?

Yes. Although the donor no longer owns the assets contributed to the donor-advised fund and the sponsoring charity has final say on the funds’ distribution, the donor can make recommendations about which charities receive grants from the donor-advised fund. This power remains with the investor for life and can be passed on to future generations.

Can a donor set up successor grant advisors?

Yes. It is common practice for a donor, when establishing a DAF, to name his or her heirs as successor grant advisors. As an alternative, the donor may set-up successor charities to receive grants after the donor’s passing.

How will I know if my donor’s desired charity is reputable?

Charities are vetted so the donor can feel confident that the funds will be used correctly and effectively.

Will I have to manage donor-advised fund distributions?

No. RCF handles distributions to charities from the donor-advised fund, with input from the donor if the donor wishes. Grants from the fund can be made to nonprofits as frequently or infrequently as seems appropriate.

Who will handle tax records and other administrative tasks?

RCF handles the administrative aspects of the donor-advised fund, including preparing for tax reporting, and RCF will issue gift receipt letters for every contribution the donor makes to the donor-advised fund.

Will RCF take a cut of the donor-advised fund growth?

No. RCF only charges industry-low donor-advised administrative fees.

How long will it take to set up a donor-advised fund?

Depending on the complexity of the gifted assets, most donor-advised funds are established in a matter of a few days.

How many people can establish a donor-advised fund?

Up to six individuals (donors) may be associated with a donor-advised fund.

Will each person that makes a contribution to the donor-advised fund receive a tax receipt?

Yes, each individual (donor) who makes a contribution to a donor-advised fund account will receive a tax receipt. Please note that donor-advised funds are not fundraising tools.

How much does it cost to establish a donor-advised fund?

To establish a donor-advised fund, you must have an initial contribution of \$5,000.00. There are no other costs associated with establishing a donor-advised fund.

What if I do not have \$5,000 to establish a donor-advised fund, can I establish a savings account through Ren to reach the threshold amount?

If you do not have \$5,000 to establish a donor-advised fund, please contact RCF and we can discuss your options on a case by case scenario.

What is the minimum amount of money that a donor can give to contribute to a donor-advised fund after it is established?

Each additional contribution must be \$250 or more.